

CLAIMS

I claim:

1. A collection makefile generator process for generating makefiles for collections, comprising the following steps:
 - (a) receiving a request to generate a makefile for a collection,
 - (b) accessing collection information for said collection, and
 - (c) generating a makefile for said collection,
 thereby providing a solution to the collection makefile generator problem, and

 thereby enabling human programmers to generate collection makefiles in a fully-automated, scalable way that was not previously available.
2. The process of claim 1, wherein
 - (a) said step of generating a makefile uses makefile service and makefile fragment template information,
 thereby providing a solution to the makefile customization problem, and

 thereby enabling human programmers to extensively customize the makefile generation process by controlling the information content of fragments used to implement makefile services, in an automated, scalable way that was not previously available.

3. The process of claim 1, wherein

(a) said step of generating a makefile uses substitution strings representing collection instance values to replace placeholder strings in makefile fragments,

thereby providing a solution to the multiple product naming problem, and

thereby helping to solve the makefile customization problem, and

thereby enabling human programmers to use practical placeholder strings to represent useful collection instance information values in makefile fragments in a more convenient way than was previously available.

4. The process of claim 1, wherein

(a) said step of generating a makefile uses standalone makefile service information,

thereby helping to solve the makefile customization problem, and

thereby enabling human programmers to further additively customize generated makefiles by specifying ad hoc additions to the generated makefile in the form of standalone makefile service statements within collection specifiers.

5. The process of claim 1, wherein

(a) said step of generating a makefile uses virtual platform information,

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thereby providing a solution to the makefile template sharing problem, and

thereby enabling human programmers to minimize makefile fragment creation and maintenance costs by sharing makefile fragments across collection, product, file, action, and platform types when it is advantageous to do so.

6. The process of claim 1, wherein

(a) said step of generating a makefile uses information selected from the group consisting of include file search directory information and library file search directory information,

thereby providing solutions to the include file directory problem and the library file directory problem, and

thereby helping to improve the runtime performance of compilers and linkers by providing them with optimal lists of include file and library search directories to search during compilation and linking operations.

7. The process of claim 1, wherein

(a) said step of generating a makefile uses product build order information,

thereby providing a solution to the multiple product build order problem, and

thereby enabling human programmers to specify the construction of multiple

output products from a single collection, even where said multiple products must be processed in a particular build order in order to ensure correct results.

8. The process of claim 1, wherein

(a) said step of generating a makefile uses file build order information,

thereby providing a solution to the product file build order problem, and

thereby enabling human programmers to specify a proper build order for multiple product file types within a single collection product, even where the multiple product files must be processed in a particular build order in order to ensure correct results.

9. The process of claim 1, wherein

(a) said step of generating a makefile uses parallelism limit information to calculate and generate parallel makefile targets,

thereby providing a solution to the makefile parallel processing problem, and

thereby increasing the productivity of human programmers by generating makefiles that can be executed in parallel to reduce the time required to perform makefile operations.

10. A programmable collection makefile generator device for generating makefiles for collections, whose actions are directed by software executing a process

comprising the following steps:

- (a) receiving a request to generate a makefile for a collection,
- (b) accessing collection information for said collection, and
- (c) generating a makefile for said collection,

thereby providing a solution to the collection makefile generator problem, and

thereby enabling human programmers to generate collection makefiles in a fully-automated, scalable way that was not previously available.

11. The programmable device of claim 10, wherein

- (a) said step of generating a makefile uses makefile service and makefile fragment template information,

thereby providing a solution to the makefile customization problem, and

thereby enabling human programmers to extensively customize the makefile generation process by controlling the information content of fragments used to implement makefile services, in an automated, scalable way that was not previously available.

12. The programmable device of claim 10, wherein

- (a) said step of generating a makefile uses substitution strings representing

collection instance values to replace placeholder strings in makefile fragments,

thereby providing a solution to the multiple product naming problem, and

thereby helping to solve the makefile customization problem, and

thereby enabling human programmers to use practical placeholder strings to represent useful collection instance information values in makefile fragments in a more convenient way than was previously available.

13. The programmable device of claim 10, wherein

(a) said step of generating a makefile uses standalone makefile service information,

thereby helping to solve the makefile customization problem, and

thereby enabling human programmers to further additively customize generated makefiles by specifying ad hoc additions to the generated makefile in the form of standalone makefile service statements within collection specifiers.

14. The programmable device of claim 10, wherein

(a) said step of generating a makefile uses virtual platform information,

thereby providing a solution to the makefile template sharing problem, and

thereby enabling human programmers to minimize makefile fragment creation

and maintenance costs by sharing makefile fragments across collection, product, file, action, and platform types when it is advantageous to do so.

15. The programmable device of claim 10, wherein

(a) said step of generating a makefile uses information selected from the group consisting of include file search directory information and library file search directory information,

thereby providing solutions to the include file directory problem and the library file directory problem, and

thereby helping to improve the runtime performance of compilers and linkers by providing them with optimal lists of include file and library search directories to search during compilation and linking operations.

16. The programmable device of claim 10, wherein

(a) said step of generating a makefile uses product build order information,

thereby providing a solution to the multiple product build order problem, and

thereby enabling human programmers to specify the construction of multiple output products from a single collection, even where said multiple products must be processed in a particular build order in order to ensure correct results.

17. The programmable device of claim 10, wherein

(a) said step of generating a makefile uses file build order information,

thereby providing a solution to the product file build order problem, and

thereby enabling human programmers to specify a proper build order for multiple product file types within a single collection product, even where the multiple product files must be processed in a particular build order in order to ensure correct results.

18. The programmable device of claim 10, wherein

(a) said step of generating a makefile uses parallelism limit information to calculate and generate parallel makefile targets,

thereby providing a solution to the makefile parallel processing problem, and

thereby increasing the productivity of human programmers by generating makefiles that can be executed in parallel to reduce the time required to perform makefile operations.

19. A computer readable memory, encoded with data representing a collection makefile generator program that can be used to direct a computer when used by the computer, comprising:

(a) means for receiving a request to generate a makefile for a collection,

(b) means for accessing collection information for said collection, and

(c) means for generating a makefile for said collection,

thereby providing a solution to the collection makefile generator problem, and

thereby enabling human programmers to generate collection makefiles in a fully-automated, scalable way that was not previously available.

20. The computer readable memory of claim 19, wherein

(a) said means for generating a makefile uses makefile service and makefile fragment template information,

thereby providing a solution to the makefile customization problem, and

thereby enabling human programmers to extensively customize the makefile generation process by controlling the information content of fragments used to implement makefile services, in an automated, scalable way that was not previously available.

21. The computer readable memory of claim 19, wherein

(a) said means for generating a makefile uses substitution strings representing collection instance values to replace placeholder strings in makefile fragments,

thereby providing a solution to the multiple product naming problem, and

thereby helping to solve the makefile customization problem, and

thereby enabling human programmers to use practical placeholder strings to represent useful collection instance information values in makefile fragments in a more convenient way than was previously available.

22. The computer readable memory of claim 19, wherein

(a) said means for generating a makefile uses standalone makefile service information,

thereby helping to solve the makefile customization problem, and

thereby enabling human programmers to further additively customize generated makefiles by specifying ad hoc additions to the generated makefile in the form of standalone makefile service statements within collection specifiers.

23. The computer readable memory of claim 19, wherein

(a) said means for generating a makefile uses virtual platform information,

thereby providing a solution to the makefile template sharing problem, and

thereby enabling human programmers to minimize makefile fragment creation and maintenance costs by sharing makefile fragments across collection, product, file, action, and platform types when it is advantageous to do so.

24. The computer readable memory of claim 19, wherein

(a) said means for generating a makefile uses information selected from the group consisting of include file search directory information and library file search directory information,

thereby providing solutions to the include file directory problem and the library file directory problem, and

thereby helping to improve the runtime performance of compilers and linkers by providing them with optimal lists of include file and library search directories to search during compilation and linking operations.

25. The computer readable memory of claim 19, wherein

(a) said means for generating a makefile uses product build order information,

thereby providing a solution to the multiple product build order problem, and

thereby enabling human programmers to specify the construction of multiple output products from a single collection, even where said multiple products must be processed in a particular build order in order to ensure correct results.

26. The computer readable memory of claim 19, wherein

(a) said means for generating a makefile uses file build order information,

thereby providing a solution to the product file build order problem, and

thereby enabling human programmers to specify a proper build order for multiple product file types within a single collection product, even where the multiple product files must be processed in a particular build order in order to ensure correct results.

27. The computer readable memory of claim 19, wherein

(a) said means for generating a makefile uses parallelism limit information to calculate and generate parallel makefile targets,

thereby providing a solution to the makefile parallel processing problem, and

thereby increasing the productivity of human programmers by generating makefiles that can be executed in parallel to reduce the time required to perform makefile operations.